

# WEEK FIVE



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# KEYS: Weeks Three and Four

## WEEK THREE

### Reading: Uniforms – For and Against?

#### Exercise a

- 1.- Sarah is a student
- 2.- Marie is a chemist
- 3.- Jon is a flight attendant

#### Exercise b

Tie: corbata  
Skirt: Pollera  
Get dressed: vestirse  
Trousers: pantalones  
Nylon top: blusa de nylon  
Jacket: saco  
Shirt and tie: camisa y corbata  
Comfortable: cómodo

#### Exercise c

- 1.- Marie
- 2.- Jon
- 3.- Sarah

## Vocabulary

### Exercise b

- 1.- 2 drive  
3 earn  
4 wear
- 2.- 5 speak  
6 travel  
7 work
- 3.- 8 have  
9 earn

10 work

A journalist 2  
A nurse 3  
A policeman 1

**Exercise c**

2 manager  
3 administrator  
4 waiter  
5 doctor  
6 builder

**Exercise d**

2 an  
3 for  
4 unemployed  
5 a  
6 retired  
7 in

**Grammar**

**Exercise a**

2 Do  
3 Does  
4 Do  
5 Does  
6 Does  
7 Does  
8 Do  
9 Does  
10 Do

**Exercise b**

2 do        g  
3 Is        f

4 do        e  
5 Are      d  
6 does     b  
7 Is        h  
8 does     a

## Reading: Love on Facebook

### Exercises a and b

2 D

3 A

4 B

## Grammar and Vocabulary

### 1 Grammar

#### Exercise a

2 What do you do at the weekend?

3 What kind of book do you read?

4 Do you want another drink?

5 Are you a flight attendant?

6 Where in Bristol do you live?

7 Who is your favourite writer?

8 How old are you?

9 Do you have an iPad?

10 Is your salad nice?

#### Exercise b

2 Do you live

3 Do you have

4 Is she

5 Where do you

6 Do you like

### 2 Vocabulary

2 Which

3 Where

4 When

5 What

6 What kind

7 How many

8 Who

9 Why

## WEEK FOUR

### Reading: An acting family

#### Exercise a

son-in-law

#### Exercise b

- 1 Rachel
- 2 Tony
- 3 Carlo
- 4 Natasha
- 5 Tim
- 6 Daniel
- 7 Daisy

### 1 Vocabulary

#### Exercise a

- 2 father
- 3 aunt
- 4 husband
- 5 sister
- 6 son
- 7 niece
- 8 cousin

#### Exercise b

- 2 niece
- 3 aunt
- 4 grandmother
- 5 cousin
- 6 nephew

## 2 Grammar

### Exercise a

- 2 My boyfriend`s car is German
- 3 His girlfriend`s mum is Polish
- 4 Do you know Sandra`s brother?
- 5 We live with my wife`s parents
- 6 Their son`s friend earns a lot of money
- 7 Adam`s job is dangerous
- 8 Susan`s uniform is very ugly

### Exercise b

- 2 That is my parents`car
- 3 I think this is that woman`s pen
- 4 They drink tea in the teachers` room
- 5 Do you know Barbara`s sister?
- 6 My grandparents`house is in Ireland
- 7 Richard`s wife is Russian

### Exercise c

- 3 A
- 4 B
- 5 B
- 6 A
- 7 A
- 8 B

### Exercise d

- 3 Whose
- 4 Who`s
- 5 Who`s

- 6 Whose
- 7 Who`s
- 8 Whose

## Reading: School Problems

### Exercise 1 b

### Exercise 2

2 T

3 F

4 F

5 F

6 T

### Exercise 3

2 She hates getting up, and she's often tired.

3 She plays computer games in bed until 10 pm.

4 He does exercise every day.

5 Go to a sports club or go skateboarding.

6 Have a hot bath before you go to bed.

## Reading: Best Friends

### Exercise 1

1) They live in the same town

2) She loves sports

3) She swims every day

4) She goes to different towns

5) She stays at home on Sundays

### Exercise 2

1 hates

2 stays

3 stays

4 are

5 goes

6 goes

7 goes

8 visits

9 have

10 likes

11 doesn't do

12 helps

13 doesn't see










14 is

# READING

09:14 AM 83%

## Routines around the world

Teenagers all over the world go to school every day, but their days are very different.

	UK 	South Korea 	Argentina 										
<b>School hours</b> 	A lot of schools start at 8.30 a.m. and finish at 3.30 p.m.	School is <b>normally</b> from 8 a.m. until 4 p.m. Many students attend evening school, often until 9 p.m.	In some schools, students go to school from 7.30 a.m. to 1 p.m., and others go from 1 p.m. to 6 p.m.										
<b>Lunch / Snacks</b> 	The majority of British and Korean students eat at school.		Argentine students usually have lunch at home.										
<b>Exercise</b> 	Students have about two hours of PE lessons a week.		There are no PE lessons at some schools.										
<b>Free time</b> 	Students do about five hours of homework a week. They spend about three hours a day online.	Korean and Argentine students do about three hours of homework a week.	Argentine teenagers spend about four hours online every day. Computer games are very popular with Korean teenagers: some play for up to 88 hours a week!										
<b>Sleep</b> 	<p>Nine hours of sleep a night is <b>ideal</b> for teenagers, but British and Argentine teenagers sleep for about 7.5 hours a night, and Korean teenagers only sleep for six hours a night!</p>  <table border="1"> <caption>Hours of sleep for teenagers</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Country</th> <th>Hours of sleep</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Ideal number of hours' sleep for teenagers</td> <td>9</td> </tr> <tr> <td>British teenagers</td> <td>7.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Argentine teenagers</td> <td>7.5</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Korean teenagers</td> <td>6</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Country	Hours of sleep	Ideal number of hours' sleep for teenagers	9	British teenagers	7.5	Argentine teenagers	7.5	Korean teenagers	6
Country	Hours of sleep												
Ideal number of hours' sleep for teenagers	9												
British teenagers	7.5												
Argentine teenagers	7.5												
Korean teenagers	6												

# 1

## Routines around the world

### Reading

1 Look at the infographic on page 19. Which three countries does it give information about?

\_\_\_\_\_

2 Read the infographic quickly and answer the questions.

- 1 Which students sometimes don't do exercise at school? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Which students have a very long school day? \_\_\_\_\_

3  24 Read and listen to the infographic. Match the sentences to the countries. Write A, SK, or UK.

- 1 They spend seven hours at school every day. UK
- 2 Some students start school in the afternoon. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 The majority of students get home very late. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 These students get a lot of homework. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 These students need to sleep three more hours a night. \_\_\_\_\_

4 Complete the sentences with the affirmative or negative forms of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 A lot of British students start \_\_\_\_\_ (start) school at 8.30.
- 2 Most Argentine students \_\_\_\_\_ (have) lunch at school.
- 3 British students \_\_\_\_\_ (do) exercise at school.
- 4 British teachers \_\_\_\_\_ (give) their students a lot of homework.
- 5 Korean teenagers \_\_\_\_\_ (play) a lot of computer games.
- 6 Argentine, British, and Korean teenagers \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) for nine hours a night.

# VOCABULARY

b Complete the text with *have, go, or get*.

## A STUDENT'S LIFE IS EASY – OR IS IT?

Many people think that students have a very easy life. We ask two, Helen and Rupert, about their typical day.

**HELEN EDWARDS**, from Durham in north-east England

'I <sup>1</sup> *go* to university in Bristol, so I don't live at home. Every day, I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ up at 7.30 and I <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a shower. I don't have time for breakfast, but I <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ coffee in a café before classes start. I <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ lunch at university and then I <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to my afternoon classes. I <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ shopping on my way home, so I <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ home late. I do some housework and study in the evening and then I <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to bed at 11.30. I'm very tired at night!'



**RUPERT CAVENDISH** is from Exeter in south-west England

'I <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to Exeter University, so I live at home. My mum wakes me up every morning and we <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast together. Then, I <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ dressed. I <sup>13</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to university by bus. I <sup>14</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to classes in the morning and then I <sup>15</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ home for lunch. My mum is a good cook and we <sup>16</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ lunch together. In the afternoon, I study for an hour or two and then I watch TV. I <sup>17</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a bath after dinner. I'm quite relaxed when I <sup>18</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to bed.'



c Match the words to make phrases.

- |         |                          |             |
|---------|--------------------------|-------------|
| 1 have  | <input type="checkbox"/> | a work      |
| 2 go    | <input type="checkbox"/> | b emails    |
| 3 check | <input type="checkbox"/> | c dressed   |
| 4 do    | <input type="checkbox"/> | d to school |
| 5 get   | <input type="checkbox"/> | e breakfast |

# GRAMMAR

## 1 GRAMMAR prepositions of time (at, in, on) and place (at, in, to)

a Write the words in the correct column.

March 6th December 6.30 the winter Monday night  
the afternoon the weekend Saturday evening 1984  
Christmas 21st August

in	on	at
March	6th December	6.30
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

b Circle the correct preposition.

- I have a shower **in** / on / at the morning.
- They go on holiday **in** / on / at August.
- My sister studies economics **at** / in / to university.
- My brother goes to bed **in** / on / at midnight.
- Do you work **at** / in / to a hospital?
- We have English classes **in** / on / at Tuesdays and Thursdays.
- The children have lunch **at** / in / to school.
- Tina works **in** / on / at the weekend.
- Jack goes **at** / in / to the gym after work.
- It's very hot **in** / on / at the summer.

c Complete the text with the correct prepositions.



'My name is Francesco Mancini and I work <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ an office in the centre of Rome. During the week, I get up <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ half past six. I go <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ work by train, but <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Fridays I drive my car so I can visit my mother <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ the afternoon. I start work <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ quarter to nine and I have lunch <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ work. <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ the summer I work different hours because <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ 15th June we change to the summer timetable. It's very hot in Rome <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ August, so most people go on holiday.

# THEORY

## 4B prepositions: (at, in, on, to)

### Time

in	on	at (2, 42))
the morning	Monday	three o'clock
the afternoon	Tuesday (morning)	midday / midnight
the evening		lunchtime
the summer		night
		the weekend
		Christmas

- We use *in* for parts of the day and seasons.
- We use *on* for days.
- We use *at* for times of the day, *night*, *the weekend*, and festivals.



#### Other uses of *in* and *on*

We also use *in* with months and years.  
e.g. *in December*, *in 2015*

We also use *on* with dates.  
e.g. *on 1 January*

(See **Grammar Bank 7A** p.136)

### Movement and place

- 1 He goes *to* work at 8.00. (2, 43))
- 2 He has lunch *at* work.  
He works *in* an office.

- 1 We use *to* for movement or direction: *She goes to the gym.*  
**NOT** *She goes at the gym.*  
We don't use *to* before *home*: *go home* **NOT** *go to home*
- 2 We use *at* and *in* for position.
  - We use *at* + *work*, *home*, *school*, *university*.
  - We use *in* + other places: *a flat*, *an office*, *a room*, etc.
  - We can use *in* or *at* with some public places: *a restaurant*, *the cinema*, etc.  
*On Saturdays he usually has lunch in / at a restaurant.*