

# WEEK TWO



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# CONSOLIDATION

**Esta actividad consolida y refuerza los contenidos gramaticales y de vocabulario de la primera semana. Realiza las actividades. Podés buscar palabras que no entiendas en el diccionario**

**Reading Comprehension: Read the text and do the activities below**

## **An Italian Teacher**

An Italian teacher talks about his life and his job.

Hi, I'm Giorgio Salvatore. I'm twenty-six years old and I'm from Calabria in the south of Italy. My father is Italian and my mother is from Argentina. She's a Spanish teacher in a school in Calabria. My best friend is Marco. He's from Calabria, too, and he's a student at the University of Rome.

### **Answer the following questions**

- 1) How old is Giorgio Salvatore?
- 2) Where is he from?
- 3) Are his parents Italian?
- 4) Who is Giorgio's best friend?
- 5) Is he a student at the University of Verona?

I'm a teacher at The Language Centre in Rome. Students come here to learn different languages. My friends Jean-Paul and Domingo are also teachers at The Language Centre. Jean-Paul is the French teacher and Domingo is the Spanish teacher. Domingo comes from Zaragoza in Spain.

### **Say if the following sentences are true or false**

- 1) Giorgio is a teacher in Rome.
- 2) Students come to learn one languages only.
- 3) Jean Paul is a student.
- 4) He's Giorgio's friend.
- 5) Domingo is the French teacher.

### **Choose the right verb between brackets**

I **1) ( am - is - are )** the Italian teacher and my class **2) ( has got / have got )** students from Africa, Asia, America, and Europe. It **3) ( am - is are )** very interesting to meet different people and the classes **4) ( am - is - are )** always fun. The students always speak Italian when they **5) ( am - is -are )** together because it's the best way to learn the language.

# GRAMMAR: Present Simple, affirmative and negative forms

## THE BRITISH — IS IT TRUE?

British people drink tea at 5.00. It rains a lot. British people like animals. The food in Britain isn't very good.

**Four foreigners who live in Britain talk about the things people say about the British...**

**British people drink tea at 5.00.** Kati from Hungary  
It's true that British people **drink** a lot of tea (and coffee) but they **don't drink** tea at a special time. I work for a British company here and my boss **drinks** tea all the time.

**It rains a lot.** Nicolai from Russia  
It **rains** a lot, but it **doesn't rain** every day. Be careful because the weather **changes** quickly. I always **take** an umbrella when I **go** out.

**British people like animals.** Norma from Mexico  
I have a lot of friends here and they all **have** a dog or a cat. One family that I know **has** two dogs and five cats. British people **love** animals!

**The food in Britain isn't very good.** Hasan from Turkey  
The restaurants are quite expensive but they are great, and the food is good in a lot of pubs, too. I share a flat with a Scottish boy, and he **cooks** every night. He **watches** all the cooking programmes on TV and he **makes** great curries!

# READING

1) Read the texts. Match the headings (A-D) to the paragraphs.

- A) A nice cheap place to spend a morning.
- B) Have a nice meal and make new friends.
- C) Yes we can!
- D) Shopping is so easy.

**Things I love about the US**

Sarah Araf is British but she lives in Ohio, in the US. Here are some things she loves about living there.

1 \_\_\_\_\_  
In the US, the customer is really important. When you walk into a store, the staff greet you with a smile and ask 'How are you?'. The customer is always right too. If you have a problem with something, you **take it back** and they solve the problem quickly. You don't need to complain. You don't even need to have the receipt.

2 \_\_\_\_\_  
I love real American coffee shops. Not chains like Costa and Starbucks, but those old-fashioned places where the waitresses **come** to your table and call you 'honey'. You pay a dollar for coffee, and you can drink as much as you like. You can also **stay** as long as you like. You can sit there all day and read a book for the price of a cup of coffee.

3 \_\_\_\_\_  
Eating out here isn't as expensive as in the UK, so we go out quite a lot. People are very friendly here too. When you go to a bar or a restaurant, you often have a conversation with the people at the next table. It's really nice.

4 \_\_\_\_\_  
Everyone is so optimistic here! They **believe** that everything is possible if you work hard. If you say 'We can't do that', they say, 'Why not?'

2) Guess the meaning of the **highlighted** verbs. Check in your dictionary.

## 1 VOCABULARY verb phrases

Complete the verb phrases.

animals dinner economics exercise German  
glasses a new car a newspaper sorry an umbrella

- 1 cook dinner
- 2 study \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 speak \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 read \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 say \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 wear \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 do \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 like \_\_\_\_\_
- 9 want \_\_\_\_\_
- 10 take \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 GRAMMAR present simple ☒ and ☐

a Circle the correct words.

- 1 A lot of British people **(drink)** / drinks tea.
- 2 It **don't rain** / doesn't rain a lot in my country.
- 3 You **live** / lives in a beautiful house.
- 4 The weather **change** / changes quickly in Britain.
- 5 My father **don't cook** / doesn't cook.
- 6 My boyfriend **don't wear** / doesn't wear glasses.
- 7 People **don't have** / doesn't have ID cards in Britain.
- 8 We **need** / needs a new computer.
- 9 My English friend **make** / makes good coffee.
- 10 I **don't do** / doesn't do exercise.

b Look at the chart and complete the sentences.

	Ryan	Kim
eat fast food	✓	✗
wear jeans	✗	✓
drink mineral water	✓	✓
do housework	✓	✗
play the guitar	✗	✗

- 1 Ryan eats fast food.
- 2 Ryan \_\_\_\_\_ jeans.
- 3 Ryan and Kim \_\_\_\_\_ mineral water.
- 4 Kim \_\_\_\_\_ housework.
- 5 Ryan and Kim \_\_\_\_\_ the guitar.

- 6 Kim \_\_\_\_\_ fast food.
- 7 Kim \_\_\_\_\_ jeans.
- 8 Ryan \_\_\_\_\_ housework.

c Complete the sentences.

- 1 I don't play (not play) tennis.
- 2 They \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) to the cinema.
- 3 She \_\_\_\_\_ (have) two children.
- 4 Her father \_\_\_\_\_ (not work) in an office.
- 5 It \_\_\_\_\_ (rain) a lot.
- 6 We \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in a big flat.
- 7 My girlfriend \_\_\_\_\_ (not speak) English.
- 8 My friends \_\_\_\_\_ (study) at York University.
- 9 You \_\_\_\_\_ (not do) your homework.

# GRAMMAR

## 3A present simple ⊕ and ⊖

British people **like** animals. (2, 4))  
They **live** in houses with gardens.  
My husband **works** from 9.00 to 5.00.  
Ann **has** three children.

⊕	⊖
I <b>work</b> .	I <b>don't work</b> .
You <b>work</b> .	You <b>don't work</b> .
He / She / It <b>works</b> .	He / She / It <b>doesn't work</b> .
We <b>work</b> .	We <b>don't work</b> .
You <b>work</b> .	You <b>don't work</b> .
They <b>work</b> .	They <b>don't work</b> .

- We use the present simple for things that are generally true or that habitually happen.

- Contractions: *don't = do not, doesn't = does not*.
- To make negatives use *don't / doesn't + verb (infinitive)*:  
*He doesn't work. NOT He doesn't works.*

### spelling rules for he / she / it

I work / play / live.	He works / plays / lives.
I watch / finish / go / do.	She watches / finishes / goes / does.
I study.	She studies.

- The spelling rules for the *he / she / it* forms are the same as for the plurals (see **Grammar Bank 2A p.126**).

### Be careful with some he / she / it forms

I have	He has <b>NOT</b>	He has
I go		He goes /gəʊz/
I do		He does /dʌz/
I say		He says /sez/